

To achieve the highest level of academic performance and to be fully prepared for college and work, English learners (ELs) must master academic language (Short et.al, 2011).

organized - to help students comprehend academic, non-fiction that educators explicitly teach text features - the way a text is Jennifer Gonzalez (2014), from Cult of Pedagogy, suggested

Text structures include description, cause and effect, argument, problem and solution, sequence, and comparison. The steps to teaching text structures are:

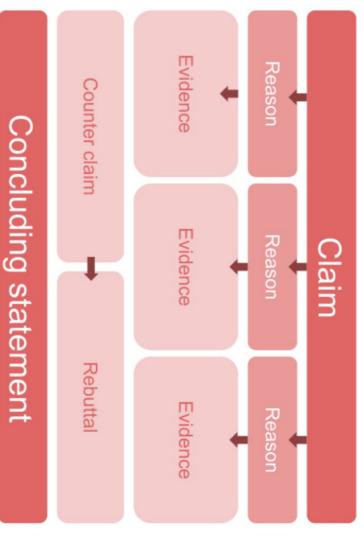
- Briefly introduce the features of one text structure.
 Read the text to the students.
 As you read, pause at particular a section of text.
 Allow the ELs to talk about where this section of text goes into the text structure
- . Have students write the textual details into their
- graphic organizer.
 Continue the process until the text is finished.

promote academic achievement because they make academic language visible to ELs. compose writing because the text structures helps ELs organize their ideas. Regardless if teachers use text structures to aid reading comprehension or scattold writing, text structures Gonzalez's text structures can also support ELs while they

Gonzalez's graphic organizers can be purchased at

EmpoweringELLs.com

Argument Text Structure



Gonzalez, J. (2014, November 6). When we all teach text structures, everyone wins. Retrieved December 29, 2016, from http://www.cultofpedagogy.com/text-structures/

Short, D., Echevarría, J., & Richards-Tutor, C. (2011). Research on academic literacy development in sheltered instruction classrooms. Language Teaching Research, 15(3), 363–380.